Title: ESTABLISHMENT OF NETWORK CONNECTIONS
Inventor(s): Athena CHRISTODOULOU et al.
Appl. No.: 300201984-2

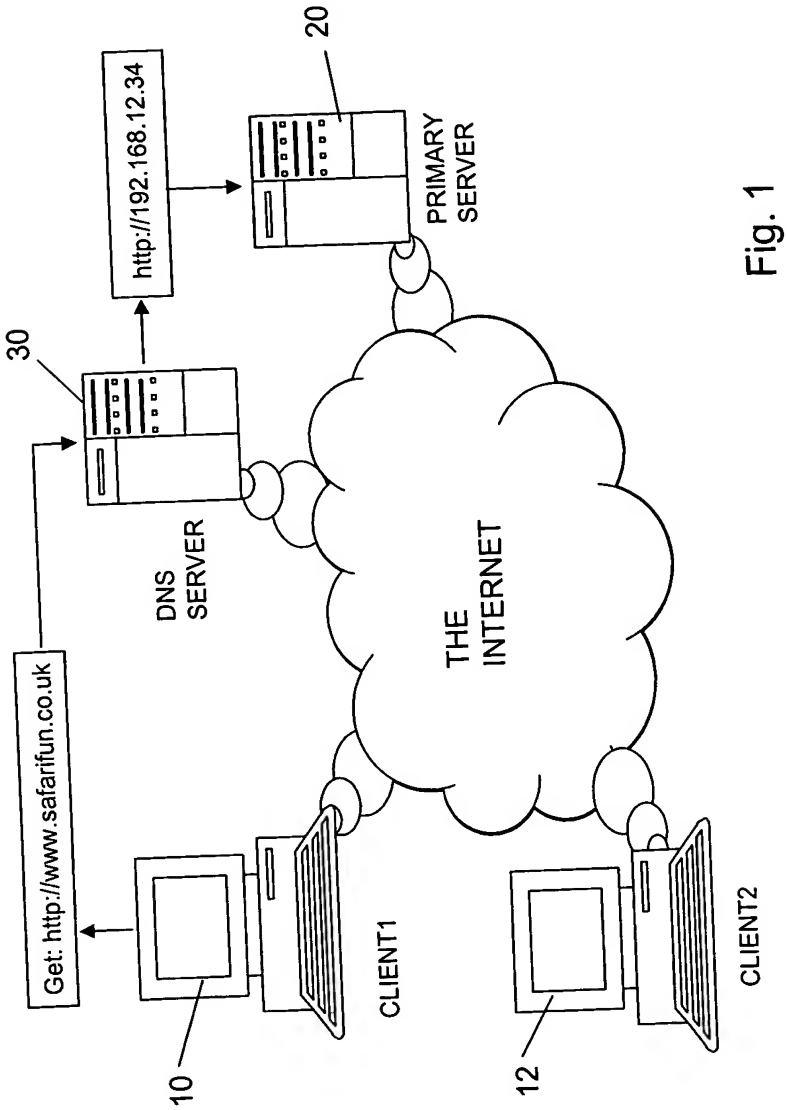

Fig. 1

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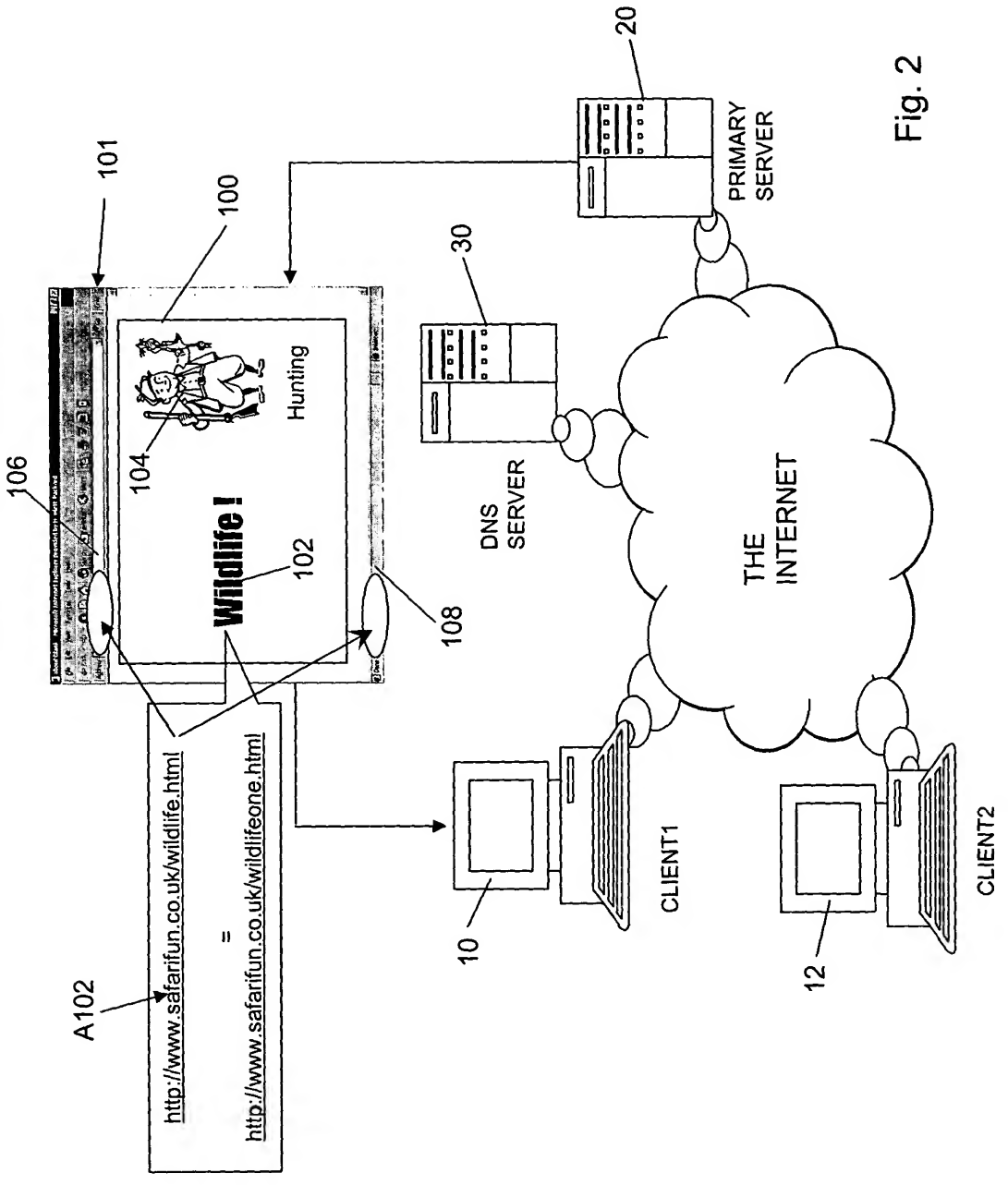

Fig. 2

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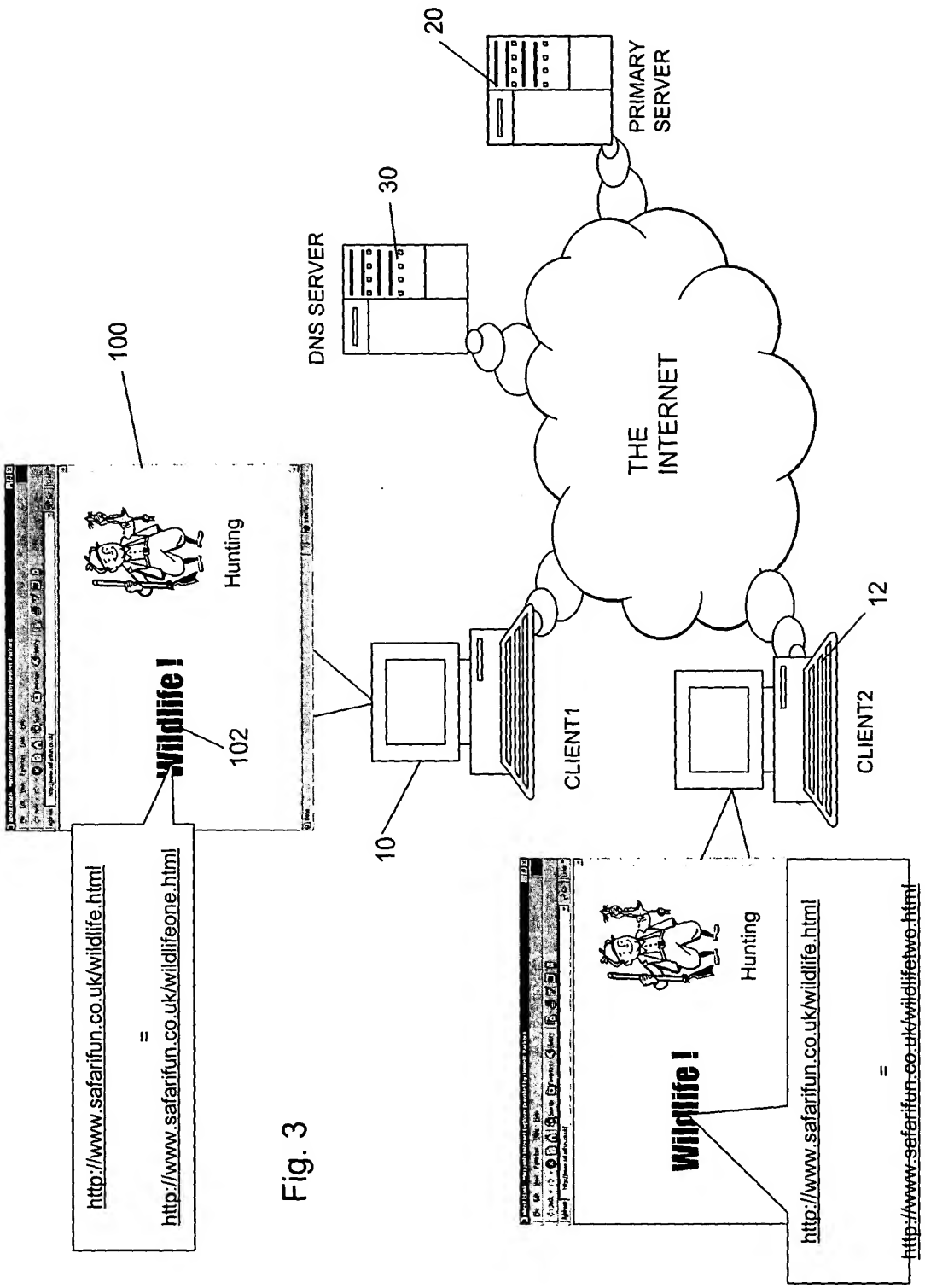

Fig. 3

PDNO 300201984

```
<HTML>
<HEAD>
<TITLE>Safari Fun</TITLE>
<SCRIPT LANGUAGE="JavaScript">
  //
  // a simple alias based upon one common javascript implementation
  // this could also be acomplished through zero height frames with
  // page loaded into upper/lower frame
   function go_to_alias(){
     window.name="Safari Fun";
     window.navigation.bar="www.safarifun.co.uk";
     window.goto("http://www.safarifun/wildlifeone.html");
   }
</SCRIPT>
</HEAD>
<BODY>
  <SCRIPT LANGUAGE="JavaScript">
   // now call go_to_alias
   go_to)alias();
  </SCRIPT>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

Fig. 4

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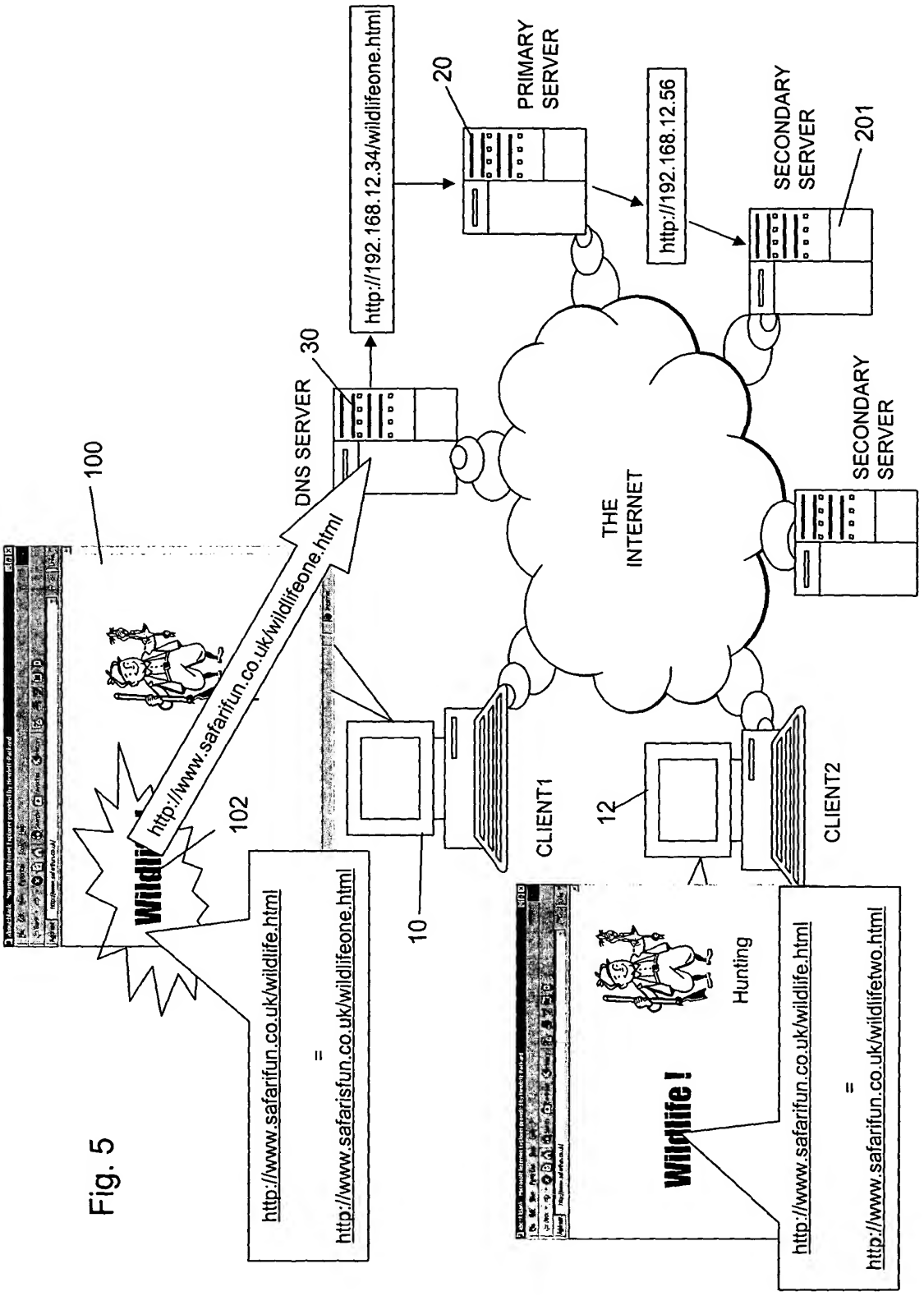

Fig. 5

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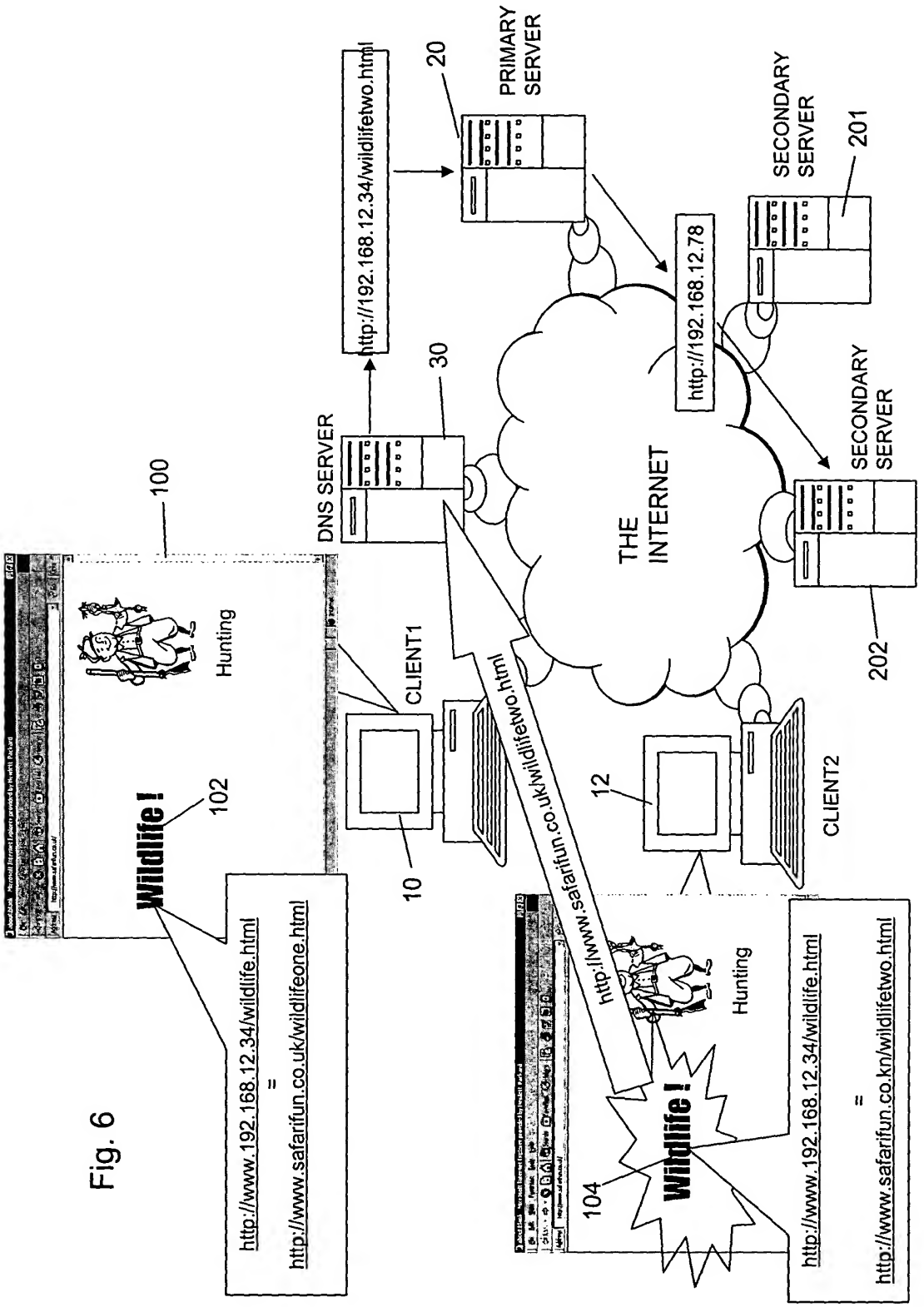

Fig. 6

PDNO 300201984

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Appl. No.: 300201984-2

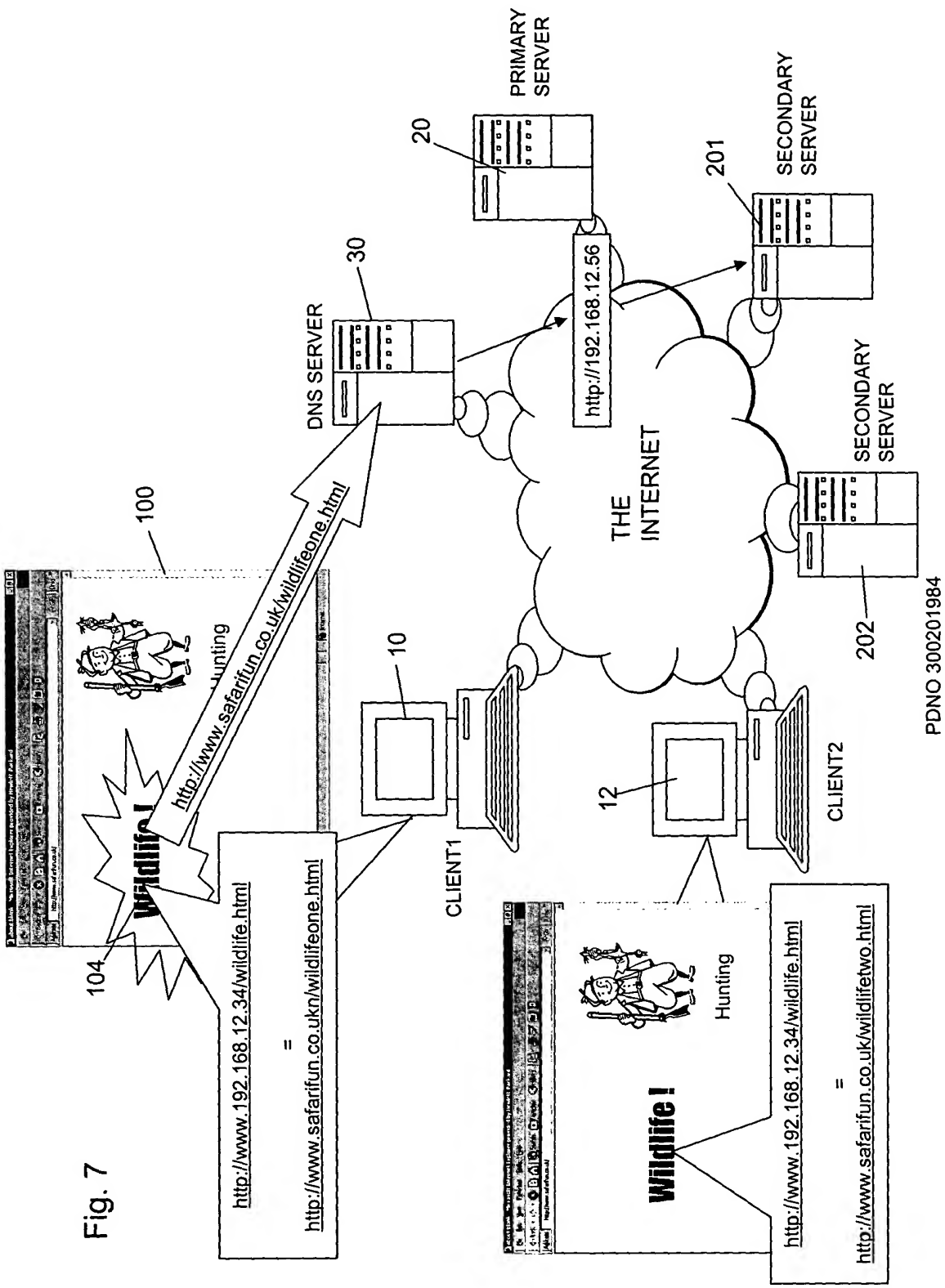

Fig. 7

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CHRISTODOULOU et al.
Appl. No.: 300201984-2

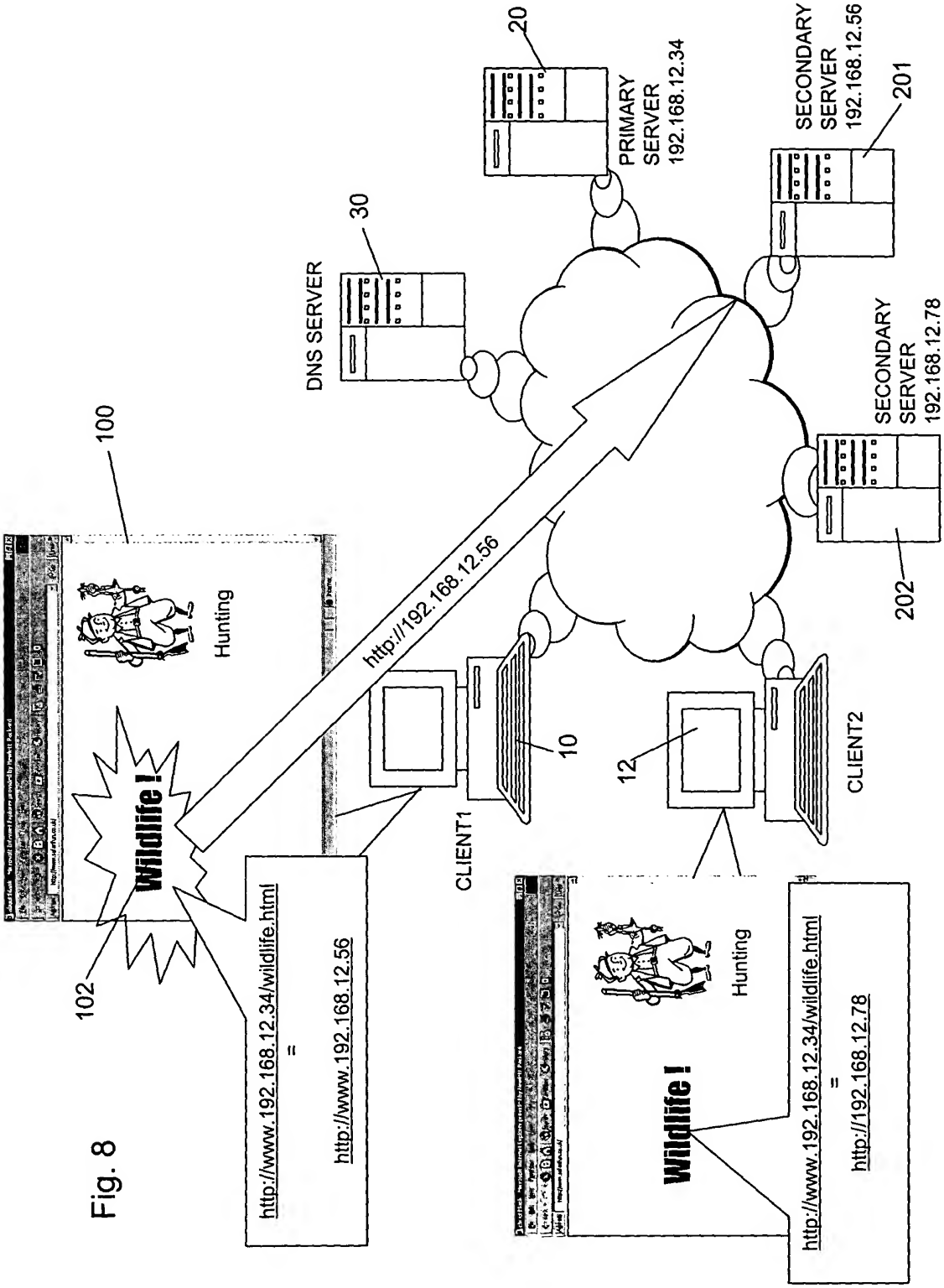

Fig. 8

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Appl. No.: 300201984-2

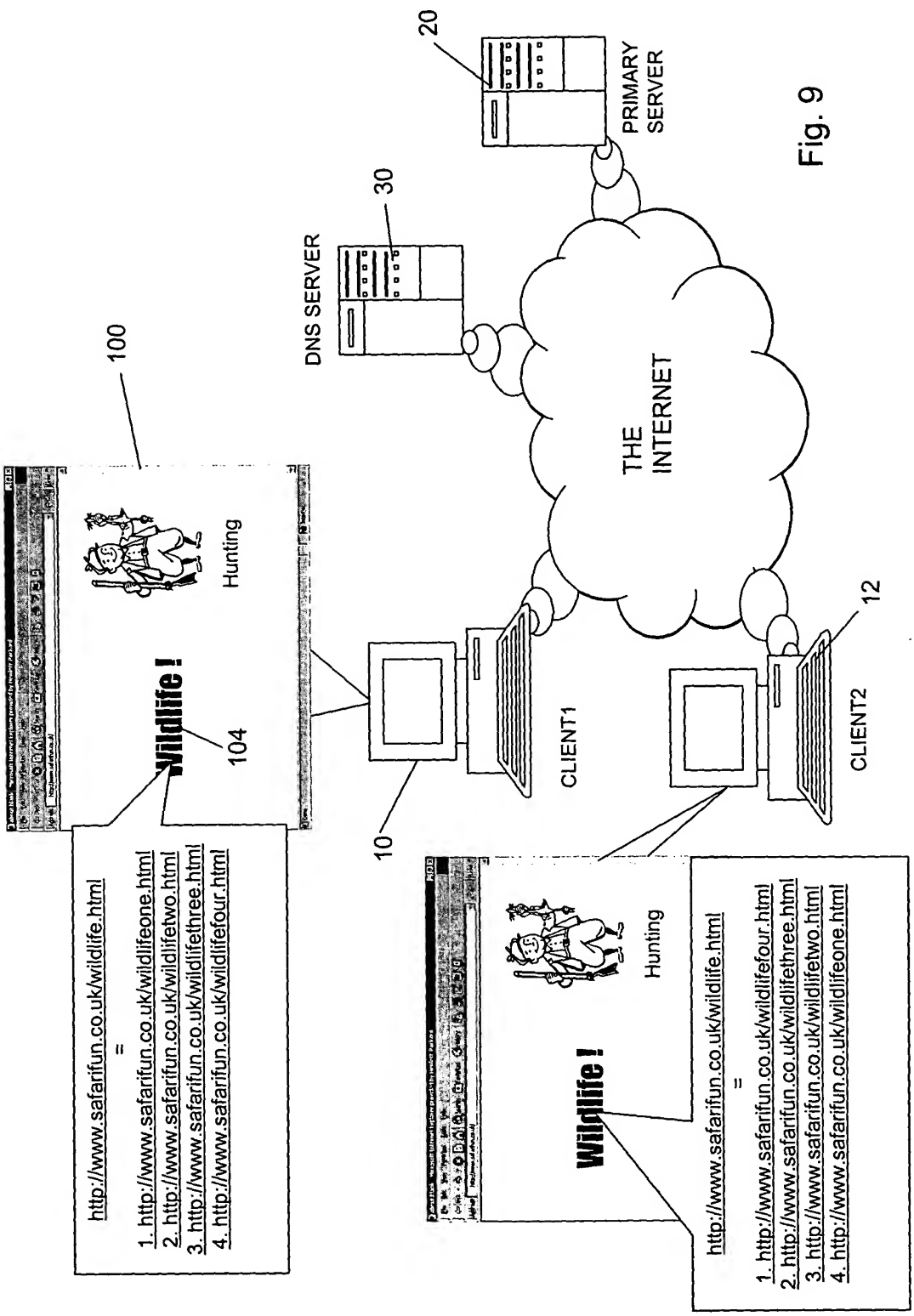

Fig. 9

PDNO 300201984

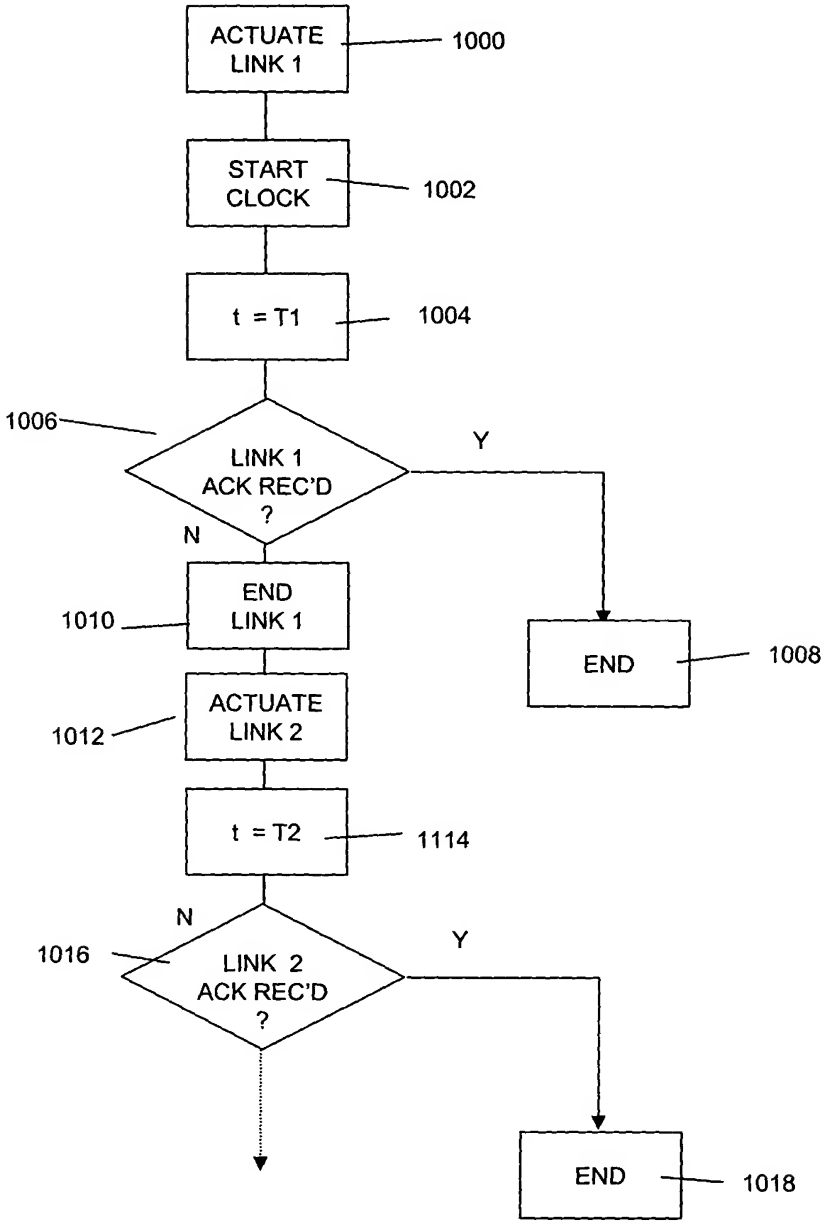
ACTUATE LINK 1
1000
START CLOCK
1002
t = T1
1004
1006
LINK 1 ACK REC'D ?
Y
N
END LINK 1
1010
END
1008
ACTUATE LINK 2
1012
t = T2
1114
N
1016
LINK 2 ACK REC'D ?
Y
END
1018

Fig. 10

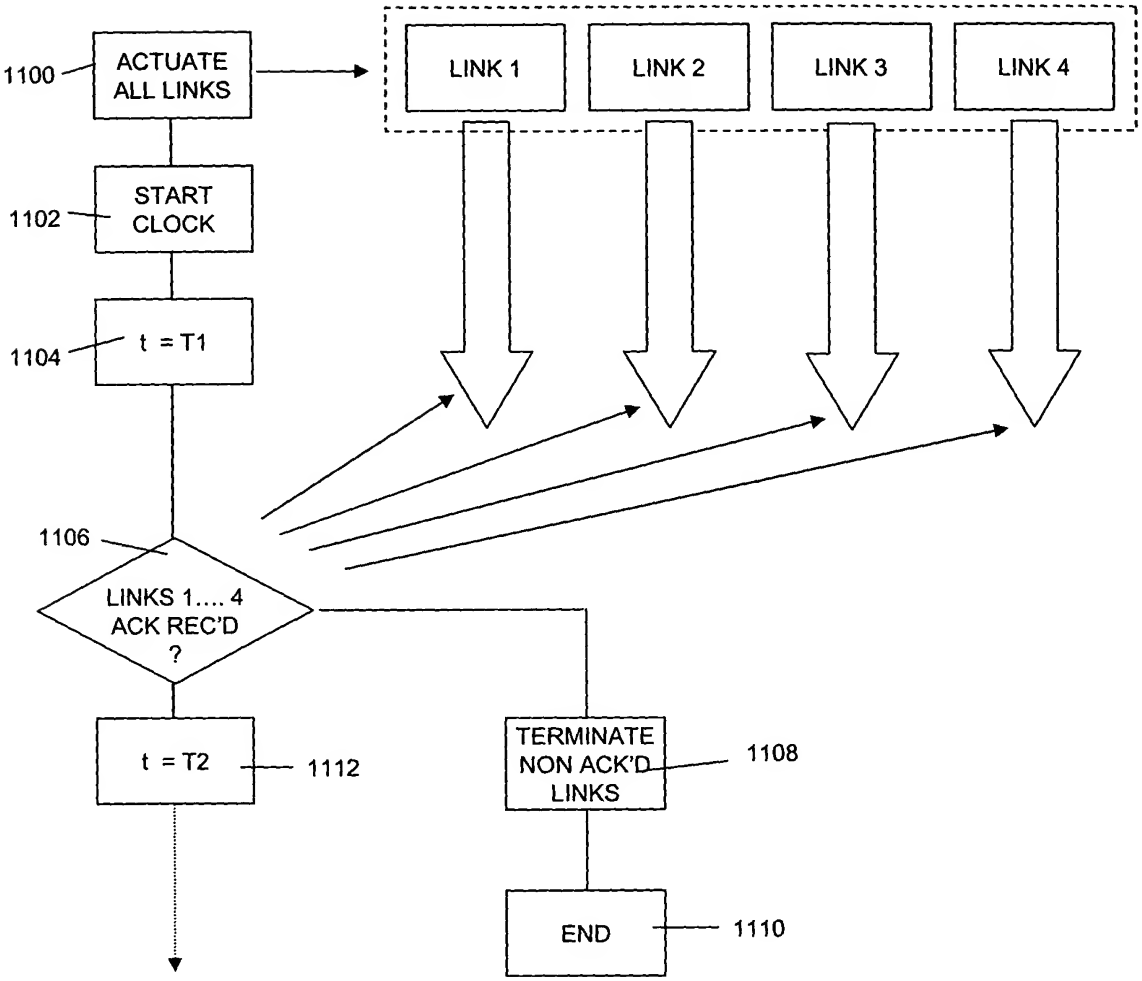
1100
ACTUATE ALL LINKS
LINK 1
LINK 2
LINK 3
LINK 4
1102
START CLOCK
1104
t = T1
1106
LINKS 1.... 4 ACK REC'D ?
t = T2
1112
TERMINATE NON ACK'D LINKS
1108
END
1110

Fig. 11

```
//
// takes as a parameter an array of strings, each of which
// represents a seperate link to try.
//
// executes links in order of presentation and returns successful
// (or none)note : returns string

public class testSLinks
{

  public static String main(String links[], int link_count, int time_out)
  {
      // default return behaviour
      String success_link = "";
      // for each link

      for (int i = 0; i < link_count; i++)
      {
          // fire up a 'getLink' function - not a thread  which terminates
          //on either time_out seconds (no response) or
             testThread(link[i], time_out, success_link).start();
      }
      // termination either leaves successful link in success_link
         or blank eturn(success_link);

  }
}
```

Fig. 12

```
//
// takes as a parameter an array of strings, each of which
// represents a seperate link to try.  Executes an individual
// thread to access each link.  One of three things happens:
// no threads complete in time_out; one thread completes
// continues with successful link killing off other threads
// still running; two or more threads complete - effectively a
// link is chosen to be loaded in a non deterministic manner
// (the result of java serialisation), kills off other threads
//  still running.
// note: returns string
// note: uses p_threads libaray to allow continuation as soon
// as one thread completes;

public class testPLinks
{

  public static String main(String links[], int link_count, int time_out)
  {
      // default return behaviour
      String success_link = "";
      // for each link

      for (int i = 0; i < link_count; i++)
      {
          // fire up a 'getLink' thread which terminates on either
          // time_out seconds (no response) or
             new testThread(link[i], time_out, success_link).start();
      }
      // termination either leaves successful link in success_link
         or blank return(success_link);
  }
}
```

Fig. 13